

communicate clearly, concisely and correctly in the written, spoken and visual form that fulfills the purpose and meets the needs of the audience.

IDEAS "the fundamentals" "basic facts" "elemental concepts" "discrete skills"	CONNECTIONS "among the basic concepts" "between what was learned and what they already know"	EXTENSIONS "use new learning in novel ways, apart from the learning situation" "internalize the learning to such a degree that it helps to define them as people."
identifies the variety of needs of audiences. identifies various presentation formats.	considers the needs of the audience and the requirements of the message in selecting a presentation format to achieve optimal effect.	adapts existing presentations to the needs of new audiences.
corrects minor spelling or grammatical errors that detract from the reader's understanding of the message. uses vocabulary and terms	uses modulations in tone to help convey the intended message.	uses congruent verbal and non-verbal signals to respond to diverse verbal and non-verbal messages.
uses coached vocabulary and tone across situations.	adjusts vocabulary to suit the audience.	
enumerates the techniques of verbal and non-verbal communication.	selects from a variety of verbal and non-verbal techniques to convey messages to diverse audiences.	adapts style, tone, vocabulary and non-verbal communication to previously unfamiliar audiences.



respond to written, spoken, or visual messages in a manner that ensures effective communication.

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identifies a variety of responsive strategies and tools.	selects responsive strategies or tools based on the characteristics of the received message.	adapts strategies to new situations.
gathers data.	sorts and interprets messages.	links to other materials and ideas.
reiterates the sent message.	paraphrases and interprets received messages. presents original message in alternative formats.	interprets messages in light of a variety of contextual elements and feedback obtained from sender. responds in a way that fosters further dialogue and exploration.
responds to actual words that are said, written, or heard.	acknowledges understanding of the message and demonstrates through an appropriate response.	



execute mathematical operations accurately.

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"the fundamentals"

"basic facts"

"elemental concepts"

"discrete skills"

CONNECTIONS

"among the basic concepts"
"between what was learned and what they already know"

EXTENSIONS

"use new learning in novel ways, apart from the learning situation" "internalize the learning to such a degree that it helps to define them as people."

selects and applies common mathematical terms, facts, methods, and procedures to familiar problems and routine situations.

observes and records data using pre-determined methods, tools and technology.

uses calculators or other familiar technological tools to perform calculations, estimates, and measurements based on known protocols.

translates verbal material into formulas.

carries out familiar mathematical strategies to solve similar problems and situations. selects, applies, and adapts mathematical terms, facts, methods, procedures, concepts, and principles to unfamiliar problems but in similar situations.

observes, records, and analyzes data using a variety of methods, tools, and technology.

converts/interprets data from one method to another format.

verifies calculations, estimates, and measurements for precision.

selects formulae accurately based on the characteristics of the problem.

selects accurate mathematical strategies required to solve a variety of unfamiliar problems but in similar situations.

adapts and combines methods, procedures, concepts, and principles to solve complex problems and to approach novel situations.

analyzes data and evaluates the relevancy and adequacy of that data.

predicts findings of data using a variety of methods, tools, and technology.

determines degree of precision required for calculations, estimates, and measurements.

adapts, combines, or creates appropriate formulas for situations based on verbal material.

selects and/or develops accurate mathematical strategies required to solve complex problems in novel situations.



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distinguishes between fact, opinion, assumption, and inference. identifies a problem.	analyzes a problem-solving situation to identify facts, opinions, assumptions, and inferences.	chooses the most appropriate problem-solving model for a wide variety of problems.
lists the key components of a problematic situation.	prioritizes problems based on degree of control over the problem.	evaluates the effectiveness of solutions.
articulates the steps/details of at least one problemsolving model accurately.	compares and contrasts the benefits of at least two different problem-solving models/protocols.	adapts, combines or creates effective problem-solving protocols to address unfamiliar and emergent situations.
applies a given problem- solving model in a routine situation.	selects a problem-solving protocol based on the characteristics of the problem to be solved and the likelihood that its use will bring success.	makes plausible generalizations based on the problem-solving process and the solution to the problem.
	takes past problem-solving experiences into account in new problem-solving situations.	evaluates personal problem- solving behaviour with a view to refining strategies in the
	monitors and explains personal problem-solving attempts.	future.



use a variety of thinking skills to anticipate and solve problems.

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defines and describes critical thinking, creative thinking, divergent and convergent skills.	uses critical thinking strategies to distinguish between relevant and irrelevant data.	adapts and combines existing strategies to create additional viable solutions for familiar problems.
identifies ways that perception influences critical thinking and problem-solving.	makes valid observations about the problem, taking into account perceptual bias.	adapts and applies thinking strategies for complex problem-solving in novel situations.
lists thinking skills required in a problem-solving process.	selects thinking strategies that are congruent with the problem and its context.	
uses established strategies for critical and creative thinking.	adapts and applies thinking strategies based on the characteristics of familiar problem types and situations.	evaluates personal creative thinking processes and develops a plan to refine and extend creative thinking skills.
identifies standard blocks to critical and creative thinking.	adapts or combines strategies to overcome blocks to critical and creative thinking.	evaluates personal critical thinking processes and develops a plan to refine and extend critical thinking skills.



locate, select, organize, and document information using appropriate technology and information systems.

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identifies a number of places where information can be found.	chooses information sources that meet established criteria.	adapts search strategies to accommodate unforeseen circumstances.
accesses and collects information using given guidelines and protocols.	accesses information independently from a variety of familiar sources.	evaluates information sources to assess their validity, usability, and relevance for the task at hand.
	assesses a situation to identify the type of information needed.	transfers general information accessing skills to new environments (e.g., unfamiliar databases, catalogues, and so on).
sorts information collected into given categories or frameworks.	uses a variety of different techniques and tools to organize information (e.g., visuals, charts, spreadsheets, and so on).	creates systems and frameworks to promote the effective and efficient organization, storage, and retrieval of information.
cites sources using a given format to document information correctly.	chooses the documentation style best suited to the content, the purpose, and the audience.	evaluates and updates information processing skills.



analyze, evaluate, and apply relevant information from a variety of sources.

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defines quality information. explains credibility as it applies to the content and the author of the source. identifies bias and other issues	compiles a variety of sources that will add credibility and support to a point of view. discards information that is low quality or lacking	establishes threshold levels of quality, credibility and objectivity for a variety of information and research contexts.
that compromise objectivity. defines primary sources. defines secondary sources.	objectivity. prioritizes information based on type, location, and content.	critiques the information
identifies information sources.	balances primary and secondary sources for proper coverage.	presented.
identifies criteria for analysis. sets boundaries for exploration and research.	evaluates information collected to determine what is relevant and useful.	designs and coordinates information gathering and
lists challenges that can arise during information analysis and evaluation.	formulates plans to address weaknesses that emerge during the evaluation and application of information.	research components of larger projects.
lists the ways that information can be applied in written, oral, and visual settings. outlines common themes or concepts in a variety of sources.	summarises information without changing meaning. integrates source material with original material.	consolidates multiple information sources into a coherent discussion or argument.
identifies successful methods for structuring information.		



show respect for the diverse opinions, values, belief systems, and contributions of others.

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provides a definition of the concept of diversity in society.	explores issues related to diversity in society by citing examples and identifying barriers to acceptance.	embraces diversity in day to day life by modeling strategies that demonstrate acceptance.
defines prejudice and bias.	explores personal experiences to identify and recognize personal prejudice and bias.	
identifies various groups in society (i.e., cultural, gender, and religious).	differentiates between diverse belief and value systems.	creates and promotes environments that are open and support diversity.
		networks with classmates.
examines various belief systems and values.	expresses opinions and listens respectfully to the opinions of others.	models respect for others in a team by adapting personal behaviour in anticipation of the effects of diversity within the group.
acknowledges there is a diversity of opinions.	relates the practice of being respectful to everyday interactions with others.	engages in respectful relationships with all.
defines the concept of respect for others.	compares and contrasts a variety of approaches to conflict resolution.	resolves conflicts using a variety of approaches.



interact with others in groups or teams in ways that contribute to effective working relationships and the achievement of goals.

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uses terminology related to group work accurately.	compares and contrasts the roles and tasks of groups or team members in a variety of contexts and situations.	evaluates a completed group task, identifying possible problems and making recommendations for future group work.
identifies problems that can occur within group or team	matches the composition of groups or teams to an analysis of required tasks and team resources.	predicts the emergence of successes and/or challenges based on group characteristics.
situations.	anticipates situations that can potentially lead to conflict within groups.	recommends and applies strategies for solving group conflict.
lists the common roles/tasks needed for any team to function effectively.	adapts strategies to accomplish team tasks and goals.	
fulfills their role as a team member by following given guidelines.	assumes a variety of roles based on the needs of the group.	leads groups and teams in dynamic situations.
		assumes accountability for self and others in achieving the team's outcomes.



manage the use of time and resources to complete projects.

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identifies the goal.	develops a plan or timeline for the various stages of a project.	submits complete project on time, successfully
identifies individual needs.	uses project planning documents to determine requirements and to prepare for meetings and tasks.	dealing with unexpected circumstances.
identifies the importance of	arrives prepared for a task or meeting with the necessary tools and equipment.	contributes to personal development and the development of others.
timeliness and preparation in the completion of projects.	fits resources into a timeline that will ensure successful completion of the project and that demonstrates attention to relevant cues.	participates in discussions in a meaningful way. submits reports outlining progress made and modifications required to the timeline in response to
identifies available resources. recognizes the need to	ensures timeline has some slack to allow for unanticipated events interfering with the ability to complete the task on	anticipating and overcoming potential obstacles. completes multiple projects
reallocate resources and update timelines in familiar situations.	recognizes constraints that will interfere with completion of the project.	successfully, balancing competing needs for time and resources.



take responsibility for one's own actions, decisions, and consequences.

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defines "responsibility" in a personal sense.		resolves issues that arise from conflicting responsibilities.
distinguishes between "rights" and "responsibilities".	detects real and perceived conflicts between rights and responsibilities.	evaluates discipline- and
anticipates the emergence of conflicting responsibilities and selects strategies to deal with them.		workplace-specific expectations of performance.
defines "ethics" as it applies to interactions with friends, colleagues, supervisors, and strangers.	develops a personal code of ethics.	performs tasks in an
describes the role of ethics in either a personal or professional sense.	bases actions on the characteristics of a situation and known ethical guidelines.	ethically consistent fashion.
defines "consequences" in both an individual and collective sense.		predicts consequences of
explains the effect of proximity and relationship upon responsibility and decision making.	expresses thoughts and plans in non-aggressive, non-emotional language.	actions and decisions based on available information. communicates openly about actions, decisions, and
discusses strategies for identifying the effects that will or might result from a given cause.		anticipated consequences.
lists strategies and tactics for engaging in self-reflection.	creates an action plan for growth and change using self-reflection.	implements a course of action, based upon the action plan for growth and change.